



Reproductive system

Anatomy Department Beni-Suef University

Intended learning objectives (ILOs)

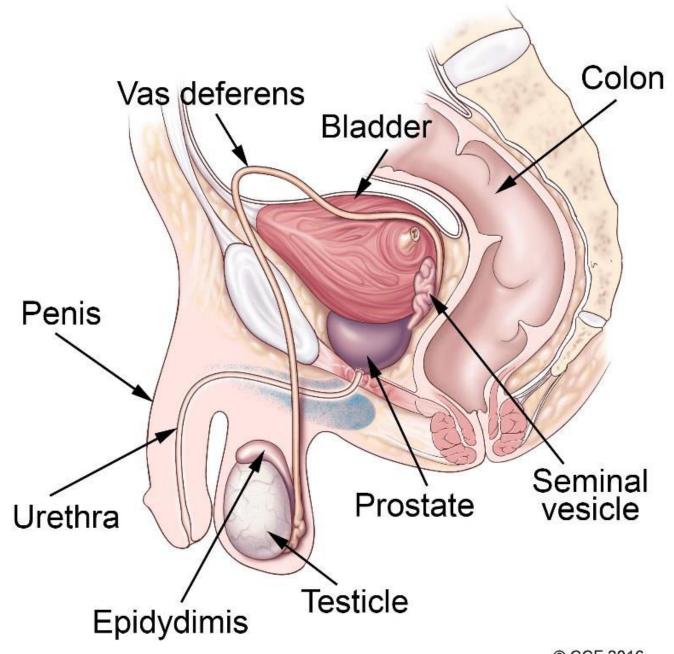
By the end of this lecture the student will be able to:

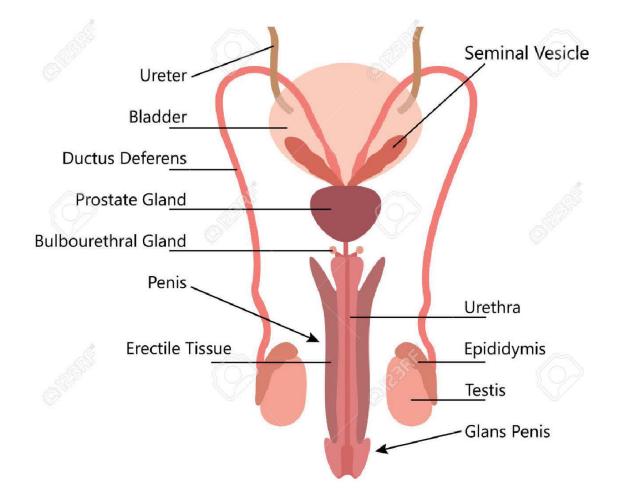
- 1. Describe the location, structure and functions of the organs of the male reproductive system.
- 2. Describe the location, structure and functions of the organs of the female reproductive system.

Male genital system

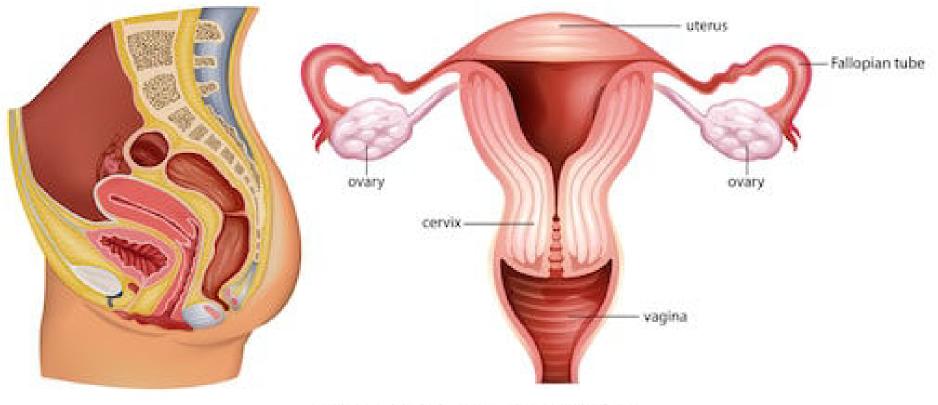
Composed of:

- 1. Gonads: 2 testes inside the scrotum.
- 2. Conducting pathway: epididymis, vas deferens, penis and urethra.
- 3. Accessory male sexual glands: prostate, seminal vesicles & bulbo-urethral glands.





Female Reproductive System



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Clinical correlations

- Undescended testis.
- Amenorrhea: pregnancy, menopause, athletes, low body weight, disordered eatingand vigorous physical activity.



- 1. Sperms are produced in the:
- a. prostate.
- b. seminal vesicles.
- c. bulbourethral glands
- d. testes.
- e. vas deferens.

2. The accessory sex gland that contribute to the most volume of the seminal fluid is the:

- a. seminal vesicles.
- b. bulbourethral (Cowper's) glands.
- c. paraurethral (Skene's) glands.
- d. prostate.

3. Which of the following is not a component of the female genital system?

- a. uterus.
- b. vagina.
- c. ovary.
- d. cervix.
- e. epididymis.

4. The Fallopian tube:

- a. It is 10 cm long.
- b. transport the ova from the ovary toward the uterus.
- c. transport the sperms from the uterus to the lateral end of the Fallopian tube.
- d. fertilization occurs at the lateral end of the tube.
- e. all of the above.

Thank you